MARYLAND HISTORICAL TRUST DETERMINATION OF ELIGIBILITY FORM

NR Eligible: yes X

no____

Property Name: Stone Cottage E, Spring Grove	Inventory Number: BA-2340
Address: Spring Grove Hospital	City: Catonsville Zip Code:
County: Baltimore County	USGS Topographic Map: <u>Baltimore West</u>
Owner: DHMH	Is the property being evaluated a district? yes
Tax Parcel Number: Tax Map Number:	Tax Account ID Number:
Project:	Agency:
Site visit by MHT staff:no _X yes Name: L.	
Is the property is located within a historic district? X ye	esno
If the property is within a district District Inve	entory Number: BA-2319
NR-listed districtyes Eligible districtX_yes Na	me of District: Spring Grove Hospital Center
Preparer's Recommendation: Contributing resource X yes	no Non-contributing but eligible in another context yes
If the property is not within a district (or the property is a di	strict) Preparer's Recommendation: Eligibleyesno
Criteria: <u>X</u> AB <u>X</u> C D Cons	iderations: AB C D E FG None
Documentation on the property/district is presented in: #BA 157 (Bowlin, 1986); Project Review & Compliance File	s; Spring Grove Architectural Survey Notebook
Description of Property and Eligibility Determination: (Use	e continuation sheet if necessary and attach map and photo)
Historic Properties in 1986. Trust policy is that any property of Historic Places. Spring Grove is eligible under Criterion A, exhospital had its origins in 1797 where the indigent sick and in outgrown its site and the state chose a new 200-acresite in Catarchitectural example. The hospital center does not have a sp	tonsville. The District is also eligible under Criterion C, as an ecific layout, but rather its growth and development are se to new needs and developments in the care of the mentally ill.
As a result of the recently completed survey, 25 buildings hav to the development of public mental health care in Maryland a This property, BA-2336, Rice Auditorium, was included on the (See Bowlin, 1985)	
MARYLAND HISTORICAL TRUST REVIEW	
	ty not recommended
Criteria: X A B X C D Considerations: MHT Comments	_ AB C D E F GNone
Reviewer, Office of Preservation Services	Date
Reviewer, NR Program	Date

,NR-ELIGIBILITY REVIEW FORM

Stone Cottage E, Spring Grove

Page 2

Page 2		BA-2340
Prepared by: _L. Bowlin, 1985 (MHT)	Date Prepared:	

1936-1944 Public

Stone Cottage Group Spring Grove Hospital Center Catonsville

The Stone Cottage Group consists of six buildings with construction dates ranging from 1936 to 1944. The four residential cottages are Georgian Revival while the Dining Room Cottage and G Cottage are more of a vernacular interpretation of that style. Cottages C and D were built in the same year of 1936, and are nearly identical in appearance. While Cottages E and F were built in 1940 to match the first two cottages, the buildings do exhibit some differences in some of their architectural elements. The layout of the buildings forms a "U" shaped pattern with Cottage G positioned at the base, behind the Dining Room Cottage. The first two cottages, C and D, were built across from each other so that the enclosed yard resulted only after five of six buildings had been completed. The U shaped layout is emphasized by one story, flat roof corridors which link the buildings together. Regardless of the stylistic variations, the group of buildings present a homogeneous architectural context.

BA-2340

1940

Stone Cottage E

Public

Spring Grove Hospital Center

Catonsville

Stone Cottage E, built to resemble Cottages C and D, displays Georgian Revival features such as flush wall chimneys, gable roof, and a classical, cross gable pavilion. The building rises three stories and measures eleven bays wide and four bays deep.

Survey No. BA-2340

Maryland Historical Trust State Historic Sites Inventory Form

Magi No.0323404839

DOE __yes __no

1. Nai	me (indicate n	referred name)		
		rotetted name)		
historic	Stone Cottage E			
and/or commo	on			
2. Loc	cation Spring	Grove Hospital Cent	ar	
street & numb	per			not for publication
city, town	Catonsville	vicinity of	congressional district	3
state	Maryland	county	Baltimore	
3. Cla	ssification			
Category district building(s structure site object	Ownership _X_ public s) private both Public Acquisition in process being considered not_applicable	Status occupied unoccupied work in progress Accessible X yes: restricted yes: unrestricted no	Present Use agriculture commercial educational entertainment government industrial military	museum park private residence religious scientific transportation X other: Hospita1
4. Ow	ner of Prope	rty (give names and	l mailing addresses	of <u>all</u> owners)
name	Department of Health	n and Mental Hygiene		
street & numbe	er 201 West Pres	ston Street	telephone no	·: 301-225-6816
city, town	Baltimore	state a	nd zip code _{Maryla}	
<u>5. Loc</u>	ation of Leg	al Descriptio	n	
courthouse, reç	gistry of deeds, etc. Ba	ltimore County Court	house	liber
street & numbe	r		<u> </u>	folio
city, town	Towson		state	Maryland
<u>6. Rep</u>	resentation	in Existing	Historical Surve	eys
`tle				
date			federal state	county local
depository for s	survey records			local
city, town			state	700

7. Description

Survey No. BA-2340

Condition excellent deteriorated good ruins _X fair unexposed	Check one unaltered X altered	Check onex_ original site moved date of move				Se s
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Prepare both a summary paragraph and a general description of the resource and its various elements as it exists today.

Stone Cottage E, built in 1940, is a three story, coursed limestone building. Constructed to house convalescent women, Stone Cottage E was the third building of the Stone Cottage Group to be constructed. The residential cottage measures eleven bays long and four bays deep and shares many architectural traits of Stone Cottages C and D. Flush wall chimneys frame the building on the north and south walls and project above the roof line. A slate gable roof caps the building.

Connected to Stone Cottage C by the one story, stone corridor, Stone Cottage E faces in an easterly direction. A pedimented pavilion incorporates the central three bays of both the east and west walls. A dentilled and modillioned cornice encloses the pediments. An oculus window with four keystones appears in the center of the pediment. The pavilion also displays a classical entrance on the east wall. Flanked by two windows, the central doorway is decorated by a triangular pediment as well. The wooden door surround is detailed by a beaded pattern and egg and dart molding. The entail fature exhibits triglyphs across the frieze, fluted pilasters support the pediment, and dentils and modillions embellish the cornice.

The majority of the windows on Stone Cottage E repeat similar features. Rough-faced stone is utilized for the window sills and the radiating voussoirs lintels. A protective wrought-iron railing adorns the lower sash of the 18/18 double-hung windows. Modern window replacements have been installed in some of the windows but the stone sills and lintels have been retained. The third floor windows of the north and south walls display a quadrant pattern of two quarter windows with radiating mullions flanking a central window of a 18/18 sash.

Dormers interrupt the hipped roof on both the east and west faces. The east face shows six triangular pedimented dormers with a 12/12 double-hung sash. The walls of the dormers are covered with slate tiles. The two dormers which appear on the west wall are shed dormers. Each dormer unit possesses seven windows with a 10/20 sash. The windows share a common wooden sill.

The covered passageway between Stone Cottage E and the Stone Cottage Dining Room connects to the cottage on the southeastern wall. The corridor measures six bays long and shows a flat roof above the dentilled cornice. Within the stone foundation, two segmented arches appear with stone voussoirs lintels. Modern windows have replaced the original windows.

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Specific	dates	1940		Builder/Archit	ect	Henry P	owell Hopk	ine	
check:	Appli ar	cable Criter	ia: XA	B _ <u>x_</u> C _		1		-110	
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8. Significance

support.

Stone Cottage E represented the second wave of construction at the Stone Cottage Group. This residential unit was built in 1940 by the Davis Construction Company. The entire complex was erected to accommodate convalescent women and to alleviate the crowded conditions of the hospital. The construction of Stone Cottage E followed the established plan of architect Henry Powell Hopkins. Built in the same year, Cottage E and F faced each other which completed the U shape pattern of the layout that had been started by the first three buildings. While Henry Powell Hopkins had executed several commissions at Spring Grove State Hospital, the Stone Cottage Group, including Cottage E, represented the first complex of buildings at Spring Grove assigned to the architect. Hopkins had proven his ability to execute Georgian Revival designs in other State commissions such as the University of Maryland and Rosewood State Hospital. Choosing the familiar, Hopkins designed Stone Cottage E to resemble the two existing stone cottages. Repeating the detailed designs of Cottages C and D, Hopkins executed another residential cottage in the Georgian Revival style. The style was prevalent among institutional designs in Maryland during the time period and Henry Powell Hopkins was one of its ardent supporters de la seconda se

The Stone Cottage Group is significant in its layout as well. Until its construction, the buildings at Spring Grove had remained ideologically tied to the Kirkbride plan of the 1850's. New buildings continued to be designed with a central block flanked by projecting wings. The Stone Cottage Group represented a move toward another philosophy of hospital design, that of the colony system. A number of individual buildings replaced the necessity for one massive building. Though the colony plan was introduced in the 1880's, Spring Grove did not utilize its principles until the 1930's with the Stone Cottage Group.

9. Major Bibliographical References

Survey	No.	BA-2340
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10. Geog	raphical Dat	a			
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state	code	county		code	
11. Form	Prepared By	y	8.		
name/title	Lauren L. Bowlin		-	·	
organization	Office of Planning,	estivil indise	date 6/86 EBS 0.3/258 0 telephone 301-2	ეგექ (გ ი რს 225–681 6	
city or town	Baltimore		nto death death state Marylar	a() nd 21201	

The Maryland Historic Sites Inventory was officially created by an Act of the Maryland Legislature to be found in the Annotated Code of Maryland, Article 41, Section 181 KA, 1974 supplement.

The survey and inventory are being prepared for information and record purposes only and do not constitute any infringement of individual property rights.

return to:

Maryland Historical Trust

Shaw House

21 State Circle

Annapolis, Maryland 21401

(301) 269-2438



13A - 2340 STONE COTTAGE E SPRING GROVE HOSPITAL CENTER CATONSUILLE, MARYLAND EAST WALL DON JEWELL, 4/86 NEGATIVES AT MHT



BA- 2340 STONE COTTAGE E SPRING GROVE HOSPITAL CENTER CATONSVILLE, MARYLAND WEST WALL DON JELNELL, 4/86 NEGATIVES AT MHT